

ORDER 7210.632A CHG 2

Air Traffic Organization Policy

Effective: April 1, 2022

SUBJ: Air Traffic Organization (ATO) Occurrence Reporting

1. Purpose of This Change. This change adds the administrative option to report an emergency as a type of oceanic mandatory occurrence report (MOR), similar to the emergency option currently available for domestic MORs. This change will lessen the administrative workload at oceanic facilities. There are no policy changes involved.

2. Audience. This change affects anyone using FAA Order JO 7210.632A, Air Traffic Organization (ATO) Occurrence Reporting.

3. Explanation of policy changes. While no policies are being changed, this change modifies Appendix A to add subparagraph 8.d as follows:

8. Oceanic Environment. Any instance where aircraft operating in oceanic airspace are suspected of:

a. Losing separation.

b. Operating at a time, altitude, routing, or reporting point other than what was expected/cleared.

c. Not maintaining communication (to include timely position or other reports) as required or expected/intended resulting in additional notifications/queries, or alternative actions by ATC or a flight crew.

d. Experiencing an Emergency or In-Flight Hazard—as addressed in Appendix A, paragraph 10.

4. Disposition of Transmittal Paragraph. Please retain this transmittal until FAA Order JO 7210.632A is revised or canceled.

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

Air Traffic Organization Policy

ORDER JO 7210.632A CHG 1

Effective Date: September 1, 2021

SUBJ: Air Traffic Organization (ATO) Occurrence Reporting

1. Purpose. This change updates the definition for Aviation Risk Identification and Assessment (ARIA) to better address the Air Traffic Organization's (ATO's) expanding use of ARIA. It also adds FAA Order 7050.1, *Runway Safety Program*, to the list of references.

2. Who the Change Affects. This change affects anyone using FAA Order JO 7210.632A, *Air Traffic Organization Occurrence Reporting.*

3. Disposition of Transmittal. Retain this transmittal until superseded by a new basic order.

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4. Explanation of Policy Changes. Adds FAA Order 7050.1, *Runway Safety Program*, to paragraph 8, Related Publications, and redefines the Chapter 1, paragraph 7d definition for Aviation Risk Identification and Assessment (ARIA) to be more inclusive, as follows:

d. Aviation Risk Identification and Assessment (ARIA). An automated system that helps employ risk-based, data-driven decision-making facilitating better insight into potential risk in the National Airspace System (NAS).

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

Air Traffic Organization Policy

ORDER JO 7210.632A

Effective date: 10/01/2020

SUBJ: Air Traffic Organization Occurrence Reporting

The Air Traffic Organization (ATO) uses a systemic perspective of safety within the National Airspace System (NAS). This perspective places more value on discovering why adverse safety events happen and identifying risk in the system, rather than determining who was at fault. All ATO employees who are engaged in and support air traffic services or Technical Operations have a responsibility to report all suspected unsafe Air Traffic and Technical Operations occurrences. The sharing of reported information allows the ATO to effectively and safely manage operations within the NAS, and is integral to the successful execution of the ATO Safety Management System (SMS). This directive establishes reporting requirements that support the collection of safety data.

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Chapter 1. General Information

1. Purpose of This Order. This order provides guidance for processing mandatory air traffic and technical operations occurrence reports. This guidance identifies what is to be reported and how to report. This order does not eliminate the requirements set forth in Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Order JO 1030.3, *Initial Event Response*, which provides guidance for the immediate dissemination of information following significant Air Traffic Organization (ATO) safety events.

2. Audience. This order applies to all ATO personnel, FAA contract tower employees, and anyone using ATO directives.

3. Where Can I Find This Order? This order is available on the MyFAA employee website at https://employees.faa.gov/tools_resources/orders_notices/ and on the FAA website at https://employees.faa.gov/tools_resources/orders_notices/ and on the FAA website at https://employees.faa.gov/tools_resources/orders_notices/ and on the FAA website at https://www.faa.gov/regulations_policies/orders_notices/.

4. Cancellation. This revision cancels FAA Order JO 7210.632.

5. Explanation of Policy Changes. This revision adds new definitions to Chapter 1, paragraph 7; incorporates updates provided in Change 1; documents the ability of Quality Assurance (QA) to submit Mandatory Occurrence Reports (MORs); adds further guidance for Oceanic occurrence reporting; incorporates Aviation Risk Identification and Assessment (ARIA) and risk based processes; eliminates Electronic Occurrence Reports (EORs), Operational Error Detection Program (OEDP), and the Traffic Analysis and Review Program (TARP); adds a requirement for notification of surface events and runway incursions; creates reserved sections for Technical Operations Services processes; and makes general organizational and editorial updates.

6. Distribution. This order is distributed to the following ATO service units: Air Traffic Services, Technical Operations Services, Mission Support Services, System Operations Services, and ATO Safety and Technical Training. In addition, this order is distributed to the following: Office of Accident Investigation and Prevention (AVP); Air Traffic Safety Oversight Service (AOV); Flight Standards Services (AFS); NextGen (ANG); the William J. Hughes Technical Center; the Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center; National Air Traffic Controllers Association; Professional Aviation Safety Specialists; National Association of Government Employees; and the interested aviation public.

7. Definitions.

a. Aircraft Accident – As defined in FAA Order JO 8020.11, *Aircraft Accident and Incident Notification, Investigation, and Reporting*, an occurrence associated with the operation of an aircraft which takes place between the time any person boards the aircraft with the intention of flight and the time all such persons have disembarked, and in which any person suffers death or serious injury, or in which the aircraft receives substantial damage.

b. Aircraft Incident – As defined in FAA Order JO 8020.11, an occurrence other than an accident, associated with the operation of an aircraft, which affects or could affect the safety of operations.

c. Air Traffic Incident – An air traffic incident encompasses all problems not affecting the aircraft directly; for example, near-midair collisions (NMACs); pilot, vehicle, or pedestrian deviations; and Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS) resolution advisory (RA) occurrences. An air traffic incident differs from an aircraft incident.

d. Aviation Risk Identification and Assessment (ARIA) – An automated system that helps employ risk-based, data-driven decision-making facilitating better insight into potential risk in the National Airspace System (NAS).

e. Comprehensive Electronic Data Analysis and Reporting (CEDAR) – A web-based, comprehensive data reporting, collection, and analysis tool used by both Quality Control and Quality Assurance to record data associated with their respective organizational responsibilities.

f. Mandatory Occurrence Report (MOR) – An occurrence involving air traffic services or technical operations services for which the collection of associated safety-related data and conditions is mandatory. See Appendix A, Mandatory Occurrence Report Criteria, for a full listing of MORs.

g. Near Mid-Air Collision (NMAC) – As defined in FAA Order 8020.11, an incident associated with the operation of an aircraft in which a possibility of collision occurs as a result of proximity of less than 500 feet to another aircraft, or where a report is received from a pilot or other flight crewmember stating that a collision hazard existed between two or more aircraft.

h. Occurrence – Any observed or suspected event that meets the definition of an MOR.

i. Preliminary ARIA Report (PAR) – An initial report of an air traffic operation identified by ARIA for further review by QA personnel.

j. Quality Assurance Group (QAG) – The office in each service area responsible for conducting occurrence classification, identifying and categorizing air traffic incidents, identifying reports for barrier analysis, and conducting barrier analysis reviews in support of the ATO Top 5 and other safety processes. The mission of the QAGs may encompass other duties, including but not limited to, identifying significant safety risk trends, and identifying potential significant events.

k. Surface Event – An occurrence at an airport involving a pedestrian, vehicle, or aircraft on the defined airport movement area that involves either a runway excursion, or an incorrect presence, unauthorized movement, or occurrence that affects or could affect the safety of flight of an aircraft.

I. Voluntary Safety Reporting Program (VSRP) – A voluntary program that provides a confidential, non-punitive mechanism for employees to report safety events and problems. VSRPs use employee input to identify leading indicators and significant safety concerns and issues, operational deficiencies, non-compliance with regulations, deviations from policies and procedures, and potential risk in the system. Qualitative data received through this program help identify indicators of potential hazards and areas of risk in the National Airspace System (NAS).

8. Related Publications.

- a. FAA Order JO 7110.65, Air Traffic Control
- b. FAA Order JO 7210.633, Air Traffic Organization Quality Assurance Program (QAP)
- c. FAA Order JO 7210.634, Air Traffic Organization Quality Control (QC)
- d. FAA Order JO 7200.20, Voluntary Safety Reporting Programs
- e. FAA Order JO 1030.3, Initial Event Response

f. FAA Order JO 8020.16, *Air Traffic Organization Aircraft Accident and Aircraft Incident Notification, Investigation, and Reporting*

g. FAA Order JO 8020.11, Aircraft Accident and Incident Notification, Investigation, and Reporting

- h. FAA Order JO 1350.14, Records and Information Management (RIM)
- i. FAA Order JO 7200.25, Joint Air Traffic Operations Command (JATOC)
- j. FAA Order JO 3120.4, Air Traffic Technical Training
- k. FAA Order JO 7350.9, Location Identifiers
- I. FAA Order JO 6000.15, General Maintenance Handbook for NAS Facilities
- m. FAA Order JO 6000.5, Facility Service and Equipment Profile (FSEP)
- n. FAA Order JO 1000.37, Air Traffic Organization Safety Management System
- o. FAA Order 7050.1B, Runway Safety Program

9. How to Suggest Recommendations to Change this Order. Submit recommendations to change this order through email to the QAG via <u>9-AJI-HQ-QualityAssurance@faa.gov</u>. ATO Safety and Technical Training (AJI) must review suggestions periodically.

Chapter 2. Reporting Requirements

1. Introduction. This chapter describes occurrences that must be reported and the methods used to report them. Under the following procedures, it is possible that one occurrence will generate multiple reports, which is preferable to a missed report. AJI is responsible for reconciling all duplicate reports.

2. Safety Culture Expectations.

a. The requirements for reporting the occurrences described by this directive are intended primarily to ensure that safety data that may benefit the NAS are collected. The simple act of reporting an occurrence should not automatically trigger quality control functions; e.g., corrective action plans or service reviews, as referenced in FAA Order JO 7210.634.

b. References to specific reported occurrences must not be entered into an employee's training records. Managers must only enter assigned training following guidance in FAA Order JO 3120.4 and FAA Order JO 7200.20, without any reference to the incident.

c. In support of a strong reporting culture, the respective service area QA office during the review of occurrences may discover a reportable event. If such an event is discovered, the QA office will create an MOR and notify the associated facility.

3. Responsibilities.

a. ATO Organizational Responsibilities.

(1) AJI is responsible for all policies and procedures related to air traffic and Technical Operations occurrence reporting and data collection, according to this directive and FAA Order JO 7210.633. Only AJI may approve extensions of timeframes, exemptions from specific requirements, and other specific waivers to the provisions of this directive.

(2) The ATO Litigation Group (AJI-17) is responsible for all ATO policies and procedures related to aircraft accidents, aircraft incidents, and litigation support for enforcement and accidents.

(3) Applicable service units are responsible for ensuring that its employees report all occurrences and support the data collection and analysis processes required by this directive or requested by AJI.

b. Employee Responsibilities.

(1) Employees must ensure that all occurrences of which they are aware, through either direct involvement or observation, are reported. All personnel with knowledge of an occurrence are encouraged to report, even if this results in multiple submissions of the same occurrence.

(2) Non-management employees eligible to participate in a VSRP may satisfy the reporting requirements of this directive by reporting occurrences through those programs, except as specified in FAA Order JO 7200.20 and in this order.

(3) Management employees must report occurrences according to this directive. In addition, if eligible to participate, they may also file a VSRP report.

(4) For Air Traffic, after initial facility entry in CEDAR, Inquiry or Oceanic MORs are first routed in CEDAR to their respective facility points of contact (POCs) for possible inclusion of additional data before submission to QA. All Inquiry or Oceanic MORs must be reviewed and submitted to QA in CEDAR within <u>five</u> administrative days from the date of the initial Inquiry or Oceanic MOR entry.

NOTE – All upset, pitch, or roll-wake attributed inquiry MORs are routed directly to the respective QA office upon initial submission.

4. What to Report. All observed or suspected occurrences which meet the MOR criteria as defined in appendix A.

5. How to Report for Air Traffic. As soon as practical, without impacting operations:

a. Non-management personnel must report the occurrence:

(1) To on-duty management/controller-in-charge (CIC) as soon as practical, but no later than the end of duty shift.

(2) According to the applicable VSRP requirements as prescribed in FAA Order JO 7200.20.

b. Management personnel/CICs:

(1) Must ensure that all reported or observed occurrences are entered into CEDAR as the appropriate MOR before the end of the current duty shift, or in accordance with the applicable VSRP requirements as prescribed in FAA Order JO 7200.20.

(2) Must update the original MOR to note all new pertinent information when more than one report of the same occurrence is received.

(3) Must assign each MOR a unique identification number. Upon request, management must provide employees with a copy of the MOR.

(4) For an employee-reported occurrence that does not meet any MOR criteria, must remind the employee about their VSRP. Management must still address any valid safety concerns identified by the employee.

c. At locations without CEDAR (including nonfunctioning CEDAR):

(1) Non-management personnel must report the occurrence:

(a) To on-duty management as soon as practical, but no later than the end of duty shift; or,

(b) According to FAA Order JO 7200.20.

(2) Management personnel/CIC must meet all the requirements of Chapter 2, paragraph 5.b. by:

(a) Emailing the appropriate and completed hard copy MOR form to AJI before the end of their current duty shift (see Appendix B for an example). AJI must provide the MOR tracking number to the facility POC.

(b) Copy the designated air traffic facility POC on the email.

6. How to Report for Technical Operations Services- RESERVED.

NOTE – The Technical Operations Services MOR criteria, Safety Database tool, processes, and training have not yet been developed. The requirement for Technical Operations to enter all reported or observed occurrences, electronically or manually, will be implemented once a tool, process, and training are developed, agreed upon, and fielded. In the interim, Technical Operations will log Deviation (Code 89) Interrupt Reports (LIR) in the Remote Monitoring and Logging System (RMLS). MORs will be automatically created in CEDAR using an automated data exchange with RMLS based upon Code 89 Deviation LIRs.

7. Relieving and/or Restricting Operational Personnel. The decision to relieve air traffic personnel from operational positions is based upon management's determination that safety or the employee's wellbeing may be impacted. A review of an occurrence should not routinely trigger relieving and/or restricting an employee from an operational position. Relief from an operational position does not restrict an employee from operational duties.

8. Reporting Compliance. As a result of failure to report, actions will be taken according to the FAA Personnel Management System and applicable collective bargaining agreements.

Chapter 3. Notifications

1. Flight Crew Notification of Suspected Pilot Deviations (PDs).

a. When the employee providing air traffic services determines that pilot actions affected the safety of operations, the employee must report through the MOR process and notify the flight crew, workload permitting, in accordance with FAA Order JO 7110.65, paragraph 2-1-27, Pilot Deviation Notification.

b. The employee reporting the occurrence must notify the CIC, Operations Supervisor, or Operations Manager, as appropriate, of the circumstances involved so that they may be communicated to the pilot upon contacting the facility.

2. Surface Events and Runway Incursions. The Air Traffic Manager must notify airport management of all known surface events, regardless of type, by the close of business the next administrative day. If previously reported surface events are determined to be runway incursions, inform airport management of the status change. If a Technical Operations employee or contractor was involved in the surface event, notify Technical Operations management.

Chapter 4. Data Retention

1. Data Retention. FAA Order 1350.14, *Records and Information Management*, provides general requirements for data and record retention. FAA Order JO 8020.16 provides retention requirements for aircraft accidents, aircraft incidents, litigation, and enforcement support. The following are the retention requirements for occurrences covered under this order:

a. AJI must retain all data collected through the MOR and ARIA processes, in accordance with FAA Order JO 7210.633.

b. NMAC, Vehicle or Pedestrian Deviation (V/PD), and PD reports will be identified from surveillance data and MORs and categorized following FAA Order JO 7210.633 and associated AJI standard operating procedures. Upon notification by QA that an occurrence is an NMAC, V/PD, or PD, facility management must ensure that supporting data are provided and retained according to FAA Order JO 8020.16.

c. In cases in which multiple retention requirements are applicable, data and record retention must adhere to the requirement stipulating the longest amount of time.

Appendix A. Mandatory Occurrence Report Criteria

1. Introduction.

a. All employees must ensure that the following occurrences, of which they are aware through either direct involvement or observation, are reported. These occurrences or conditions must be reported using the process described in this directive or in FAA Order JO 7200.20, *Voluntary Safety Reporting Programs*. Submission of a VSRP report satisfies non-management employees' requirement to report according to this directive except when the employee providing air traffic services determines that pilot actions affected the safety of operations. When such a determination is made, pilot actions must also be reported as a MOR in accordance with Appendix A, paragraphs 2–9.

b. Submission of a VSRP does not exempt employees from making appropriate notifications when the employee providing air traffic services determines that an occurrence involved national security or the immediate safety of flight (for example, in-flight emergencies, overdue aircraft, no radio (NORDO)/no radio acknowledgement (NORAC) aircraft, aircraft accidents).

2. Airborne Loss of Separation.

a. Any suspected loss of radar separation involving instrument flight rules (IFR) aircraft, except as the result of compression on final approach.

NOTE – Loss of separation on final approach will be closely monitored using electronic detection and assessed for risk and corrective action identified through the Quality Assurance and Quality Control processes.

b. Any suspected loss of separation involving visual flight rules (VFR) aircraft in Class B and Class C airspace, Terminal Radar Service Area (TRSA), or practice VFR approaches.

c. Any suspected loss of separation involving formation flights.

d. Any suspected loss of separation involving non-radar standards.

NOTE – A suspected loss of separation involving non-radar standards that occurs in oceanic airspace is covered in Appendix A, paragraph 8, Oceanic Environment.

3. Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS). Any instance where a pilot reports or air traffic control (ATC) becomes aware of unauthorized UAS activity or authorized UAS activity that is conducted in an unsafe or hazardous manner. For authorized UAS activities conducted in an unsafe manner, please note in the MOR the Certificate of Authorization (COA) number, when available, and the violation that occurred.

4. Airport Surface Loss of Separation.

a. Any ground surveillance alert (Airport Surface Detection Equipment (ASDE) or Airport Movement Area Safety System (AMASS)) between two aircraft.

b. Any ground surveillance alert (ASDE or AMASS) between an aircraft and a vehicle.

- c. Any suspected loss of runway/airport surface separation between two aircraft.
- d. Any suspected loss of runway/airport surface separation between an aircraft and a vehicle.

e. Any suspected loss of runway/airport surface separation between an aircraft and a pedestrian.

5. Terrain/Obstruction.

a. Any suspected loss of separation between an IFR aircraft and terrain or obstacles; for example, operations below minimum vectoring altitude (MVA) or minimum IFR altitude (MIA).

b. Any operation of a VFR aircraft in proximity to terrain or obstructions that the employee providing air traffic services determines affected the safety of flight. These occurrences normally result in ATC issuing a safety alert or control action.

REFERENCE – FAA Order JO 7110.65, paragraph 2-1-6, Safety Alert

6. Airborne Air Traffic Control Anomaly (Airspace/Altitude/Route/Speed) Not Involving a Loss of Separation.

a. Any instance in which an aircraft enters airspace on anything other than the expected or intended altitude, routing, or airspeed, or without a point-out or hand-off.

b. Any instance where an aircraft operates at an altitude, routing, or airspeed that the employee providing air traffic services determines affected the safety of flight or operations. These occurrences normally result in ATC issuing a safety alert or control action. All non-loss TCAS-RAs and/or spillouts must be reported under this MOR.

c. Any occurrence where an aircraft enters special use airspace (for example, a warning area, military operations area, or ATC-assigned airspace) without coordination and/or authorization.

NOTE – A suspected anomaly not involving loss of separation that occurs in oceanic airspace is covered in Appendix A, paragraph 8, Oceanic Environment.

7. Airport Environment.

a. The presence of an aircraft, vehicle, or pedestrian on any movement area or runway safety area not expected/intended by ATC.

b. Any instance in which an aircraft unexpectedly lands or departs, or attempts to land or depart, a runway or surface. All ASDE Taxiway Arrival Prediction (ATAP) alerts are captured under this MOR.

c. Any instance in which an aircraft lands or departs on, or flies an unrestricted low approach to, a closed runway (or portion thereof).

d. Any go-around initiated by either a flight crew or ATC involving turbojet aircraft within a half mile of the arrival threshold not involving practice approaches.

- e. Any instance in which any part of the aircraft has crossed over the runway hold-short line and the controller cancels the takeoff or the flight crew aborts the takeoff.
- f. Any instance in which an aircraft unintentionally maneuvers off the runway/taxiway.

g. Any improper/unexpected presence of a vehicle or aircraft inside the instrument landing system (ILS) critical area.

8. **Oceanic Environment**. Any instance where aircraft operating in oceanic airspace are suspected of:

a. Losing separation.

b. Operating at a time, altitude, routing, or reporting point other than what was expected/cleared.

c. Not maintaining communication (to include timely position or other reports) as required or expected/intended resulting in additional notifications/queries, or alternative actions by ATC or a flight crew.

d. Experiencing an Emergency or In-Flight Hazard—as addressed in Appendix A, paragraph 10.

9. **Communication.** Except for occurrences in oceanic airspace (which are reported in Appendix A, paragraph 8), any instance in which communication with an aircraft was not established or not maintained as expected/intended and results in alternative control actions or additional notifications by ATC or a flight crew or in a landing without a clearance.

NOTE – Examples of "additional notifications" would include notifications required according to FAA Order JO 1030.3 or to the Domestic Events Network for NORDO aircraft.

10. **Emergency or In-Flight Hazard.** The following are provided as examples and are not intended to be all-inclusive.

NOTE – Emergency or in-flight hazards may be declared by ATC, flight crew, facility personnel, or officials responsible for the operation of the aircraft.

- a. Medical emergency
- b. Inflight equipment malfunction requiring special handling
- c. Passenger/flight crew injury due to turbulence other than wake
- d. Fuel quantity
- e. Pilot disorientation
- f. VFR pilot in or trapped on top of clouds

- g. Laser light illumination
- h. Hijack
- i. Bomb threat
- j. Bird strike
- k. Other

11. **Inquiry.** Any expression of concern or inquiry by any external entity, to include a flight crew, to a management official/CIC or to ATC on the radio concerning:

- **a.** The proximity or operation of an aircraft, either airborne or on the surface, including NMAC notifications from a flight crew.
- **b.** An upset, pitch, or roll attributed to wake turbulence from another aircraft.

NOTE – The AIM instructs pilots, when notifying ATC of a wake event, to be as descriptive as possible (e.g., bank angle, altitude deviations, intensity, duration of event).

REFERENCE – Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM), Section 7-3, Wake Turbulence, paragraph 7-3-8g, Pilot Responsibility

12. Technical Operations Services MORs - RESERVED.

Appendix B: FAA Form 7210-13 Air Traffic Mandatory Occurrence Report

Submission using CEDAR is <u>preferred</u>. If CEDAR is <u>unavailable</u>, please submit the completed FAA Form 7210-13 via email to the applicable Service Area office: 9-AJI-WSA-QualityAssurance@faa.gov, 9-AJO-ESA-QualityAssurance@faa.gov, 9-AJO-CSA-QualityAssurance@faa.gov. This order is available on the MyFAA employee website at <u>https://employees.faa.gov/tools_resources/forms/index.cfm/go/document.information/documentID/10</u> 19788.

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				with A/C	
D4b. Vehicle:					
Vehicle type	Vehicle	ID Fac	ility	Position commu	nicating Frequency
O Airport operato		con	nmunicating	with vehicle	requercy
	-	with	n vehicle		
O FAA O	A/C not for flight				
O Tug O	Other (summary)				
O Tug with aircra	aft				
D4c. Pedestrian:					
Pedestrian name (i	f known)				
i odobulari namo (i					
		AIRSPACE/ALTI			
E1. Aircraft inform	action:	AINSI AGEIAETI	TODERCOTES:	EED morea	
Aircraft ID	Aircraft Type/Suffix		acility	Position comm	unicating Frequency
Alicial(10	Andrait Type/Sullix		mmunicating	with A/C	anicating Trequency
		O IFR wi	ith A/C		
		O VFR			
E2. MOR type (on	ly complete one sub-sect	tion as applicable	e):		
· · ·	red airspace other than e			ctions were taker	by ATC
or the flight	crew:				-
Airspace entered:			Foreign facility d	leviation:	Action taken by:
Facility	Position Fr	equency	C	Yes	ATC
			0	No	Flight crew
	1			I	
Unexpected/uninter	nded:		TCAS RA:	Spillout:	
Altitude As	signed: Observe	ed:	0 y		Yes O No
Speed As	signed: Observe	ed:	O Yes		
Route			O No	SUA Name:	
- Route					

				COM	MUNICATI	ON MORs			
F1. MOR type	e - aircraft c	communica	tions not:					F2. Result	ing actions:
 Establish Last contain 				flight crew ac			ons required	Alterna by fligi Addition by AT	ate action by ATC ative action ht crew onal notification C ng without clearanc
F3. Aircraft in	formation:								
Aircraft ID		Aircraft type	e/suffix		Facility communic with A/C	ating	Position con with A/C	nmunicating	Frequency
					NQUIRY N	IORs			•
Any expression or operation of G2. Airborne	of an aircraf	t, either airb		he surface	hat is made	e by email,		dio, etc., con	cerning the proximi
O Yes No			toporting a	ource.				of contact	
G5a. Reportin	<u> </u>								
Aircraft ID	Aircraft ty	pe/suffix	Facility co	mmunicating	with A/C	Positio	n communica	iting with A/C	Frequency
G5b. Wake S									
Aircraft ID	Aircraft ty	pe/suffix	Facility co	ommunicating	with A/C	Positio	n communica	iting with A/C	Frequency
Required sep Vertical		nm		Observed Vertical				Airspace	e Class:
A/C Location	(F/R/D):			A/C Altitud	le: Num	ber Injured	1:	Control	ssue Experience
Injuries Suffe	ered								

				EMERG	SENCY I	MORs				
	- in-flight emerg							•		
O Medical en	2 .		t equipmen	t malfunctio)isorientatior		_	
O Fuel quanti		O Bird st	trike		0	Passe	nger/Flight (Crew Inj	jury O	Other
H1a. Aircraft in				1						
Aircraft ID	Aircraft type/suff	ix IFF	 with AIO 			Position communicating with A/C			Frequen	
			O IFR							
			O VFR							
	oning equipmer	nt	H1c. Pass	senger or (crew co	ndition	:	H1d	. Medical a	assistance
component:									0	Yes
										No
									-	
									0	Unknown
Only complete for me			Only complete	e for medical N	IORs					
H2. Injuries Su	nereu.									
H2b. Type of T	urbulence:		H2c. Altit	ude:		H2d. R	oute inform			
						Depart	ed	Destin	ation	Diverted
H2e. A/C Locat	tion (fiv/radial		H2f Num	ber Injure	4					
distance);			TIZI. NUIT	ber injured						
						_				
		UAS:	Hazardous	s and/or U	nauthor	rized UA	AS Activity	MORs		
1. Aircraft infor Aircraft ID	Aircraft	IFR/VFR:	Eccili	ty commur	insting		Position c		inating	Freque
Alicial(ID	type/suffix	OIFR	swith (4/C	licauliy		with A/C		icaung	rieque
		O VFF								
							1			
Registration #:	UAS Type:	Facility	Form	ation *			UAS Posit	ion		Freque
Registration #:	UAS Type:	Facility		ation * Chase			UAS Posit	ion		Freque
Registration #:	UAS Type:	Facility	O c		N/A		UAS Posit	ion		Freque
Registration #:	UAS Type:	Facility	O c	hase		mation:		ion		Freque
-	UAS Type: TCAS Resolutio		0 c 0 s	chase warm O	al Infor	mation:			Contact In	
-			0 c 0 s	chase warm O Addition	al Infor	mation:			Contact In	
-	TCAS Resolutio		0 c 0 s	chase warm O Addition	al Infor	mation:	Law Enfor	cement	Contact In	fo:
Airspace Class	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No	on Advisory?	0 c 0 s	Addition	al Inforr /R/D):		Law Enfor Certificate	cement of Auth	orization: _	fo:
-	TCAS Resolutio	on Advisory?	0 c 0 s	Addition	al Infor	t	Law Enfor Certificate	cement of Auth eight ex	orization: _	fo:
Airspace Class	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No	on Advisory?	0 c 0 s	Addition	al Inforr /R/D): Closes	t	Law Enfor Certificate	cement of Auth eight ex	orization: _	fo:
Airspace Class	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No A/C Heading:	on Advisory? Relative Cl	A/C L	Addition Addition (F,	al Inforr /R/D): Closes	t	Law Enfor Certificate	cement of Auth eight ex	orization: _	fo:
Airspace Class A/C Altitude:	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No A/C Heading:	n Advisory? Relative Cl Risk assoc	0 c 0 s	Addition Addition (F,	al Inforr /R/D): Closes Proxim	t ity:	Law Enfor Certificate	cement of Auth eight ex r:	ceeds 55 I (feet):	fo:
Airspace Class A/C Altitude: UAS was fixed \ rotorcraft? *	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No A/C Heading:	Relative Cl Risk assoc Activity? *	A/C L lock Position	Addition Addition (F) .ocation (F)	al Inform /R/D): Closest Proxim	t ity:	Law Enfor Certificate UAS w UAS Color UAS Dime	of Auth eight ex r: ensions nat) F	ceeds 55 I (feet):	fo:
Airspace Class A/C Altitude:	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No A/C Heading: wing or	Relative Cl Risk assoc Activity? *	A/C L lock Position	Addition Addition (F) .ocation (F) n: JAS	al Inform (R/D): Closest Proxim UAS Per Latitude	t ity: osition (l e:	Law Enfor Certificate UAS w UAS Color UAS Dime	of Auth eight ex r: ensions nat) F	iorization: _ cceeds 55 I (feet): Pilot reporte	fo:
Airspace Class A/C Altitude: UAS was fixed v rotorcraft?*	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No A/C Heading: wing or	Relative Cl Risk assoc Activity? *	A/C L lock Position	Addition Addition (F, .ocation (F, n: JAS	al Inform (R/D): Closest Proxim UAS Po Latitude Longitu	t ity: osition (l e: ide:	Law Enfor Certificate UAS w UAS Color UAS Dime Decimal form	of Auth eight ex r: ensions nat) F	cceeds 55 I (feet): Pilot reporte	fo:
Airspace Class A/C Altitude: UAS was fixed v rotorcraft?*	TCAS Resolutio O Yes O No A/C Heading: wing or	Relative Cl Risk assoc Activity? *	A/C L lock Position	Addition Addition (F) .ocation (F) n: JAS	al Inform (R/D): Closest Proxim UAS Po Latitude Longitu	t ity: osition (l e: ide:	Law Enfor Certificate UAS w UAS Color UAS Dime Decimal form	of Auth eight ex r: ensions nat) F	cceeds 55 I (feet): Pilot reporte	fo:

		AIRP	ORT ENVIRONM	MENT MO	Rs			
11. MOR type - airpor	t environment MOR	s involving air	craft on the air	port surfa	ice:	I1a. Occur	rrence locati	on:
O Aircraft on move	ement area/runway sa	afety area othe	r than expected/i	intended				
- Other aircraft v	within one-mile of land	ding threshold?	? O Yes O I	No				
O Canceled takeo	off clearance or flight c	rew aborted ta	keoff after crossi	ing hold-sl	hort line			
O Aircraft unintent	tionally maneuvered o	off runway or ta	xiway					
O Aircraft within IL	S protected area othe	er than expecte	ed/intended					
- Other aircraft of	on final approach - ID		Type/S	uffix		Describe whe occurrence o	ere on the airport	surface th
11b. Aircraft informat	tion:							
Aircraft ID	Aircraft type/suffix	Facility con A/C	nmunicating with	Position A/C	communica	ating with	Frequency	
12. MOR type - airpor	t environment MOR:	s involving air	craft landing/de	eparting/o	n low-	12a, Occur	rrence locati	on:
approach:	e chivitoniniche morte	s involving an	crart randing/u	oparangro		120.0000	Tenec locau	
O Aircraft landed/de expected/intende	eparted or attempted t	to land/depart r	runways/surface	other than	ı.			
O Aircraft landed/de	eparted or executed lo	w approach to	closed runway					
(or closed portion Turboiet go-arour	n thereof) nd within 1/2 mile of a	rrival threshold	l (non-flight traini	ina)			ere on the airport	surface th
11b. Aircraft informat		invar an conoic	(non-light dam	iiig/		occurrence o	ccurred	
Aircraft ID	Aircraft type/suffix		municating with		communica	ting with	Frequency	
		Facility con A/C	nmunicating with	Position A/C	communica	ating with	Frequency	
Aircraft ID	Aircraft type/suffix	A/C		A/C		-		
	Aircraft type/suffix	A/C		A/C		ating with		
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface:	Aircraft type/suffix	A/C s involving ve	hicles on the ai	A/C rport		-		
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface: O Vehicle on move	Aircraft type/suffix It environment MORs rement area/runway sa	A/C s involving ve afety area othe	hicles on the ai	A/C rport		-		
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface: O Vehicle on move	Aircraft type/suffix	A/C s involving ve afety area othe	hicles on the ai	A/C rport		-		
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface: O Vehicle on mow - Aircraft within	Aircraft type/suffix It environment MORs rement area/runway sa	A/C s involving ve afety area othe areshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No	A/C rport		-		
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on move - Aircraft within I Vehicle within II	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area othe	A/C s involving ve afety area othe areshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended	A/C rport		-		
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on move - Aircraft within I Vehicle within II	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th	A/C s involving ve afety area othe areshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended	A/C rport	13a. 0	ccurrence		e occurre
Aircraft ID 13. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on move - Aircraft within I Vehicle within II	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID	A/C s involving ve afety area othe areshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended	A/C rport	13a. O	ccurrence	location:	е оссиле
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on mov - Aircraft within I O Vehicle within II - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type:	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion:	A/C s involving ve afety area othe areshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended Type/Suffix Facility commu	A/C irport	Descrit	ccurrence	location:	
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on move - Aircraft within Vehicle within IL - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type: Airport Operator	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: Vehic	A/C s involving ve afety area othe meshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended Type/Suffix	A/C irport	Descrit	ccurrence	location:	
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on mow - Aircraft within Vehicle within II - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type: Airport Operator FAA O A/0	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: Vehic C contractor C not for flight	A/C s involving ve afety area othe meshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended Type/Suffix Facility commu	A/C irport	Descrit	ccurrence	location:	
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on mow - Aircraft within Vehicle within II - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type: Airport Operator FAA O A/0	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: Vehic	A/C s involving ve afety area othe meshold?	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended Type/Suffix Facility commu	A/C irport	Descrit	ccurrence	location:	
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on mow - Aircraft within Vehicle within IL - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type: Airport Operator FAA O A/4 Tug O Tu O Other (summary)	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway se one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: C contractor C not for flight ug with aircraft	A/C s involving ve afety area othe reshold? O er than expect 1 cle ID	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended rype/Suffix Facility commu with vehicle	A/C irport intended	Descrit Descrit	e where on the	location:	
Aircraft ID	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway se one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: C contractor C not for flight ug with aircraft	A/C s involving ve afety area othe reshold? O er than expect 1 cle ID	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended rype/Suffix Facility commu with vehicle	A/C irport intended	Descrit Descrit	ccurrence	location:	
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on mow - Aircraft within II O Vehicle within II - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type: Airport Operator FAA O A/C Tug O Tu O Other (summary) I4. MOR type - airpor surface:	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway se one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: C contractor C not for flight ug with aircraft	A/C s involving ve afety area othe reshold? O er than expect cle ID s involving pe	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended Type/Suffix Facility commu with vehicle	A/C irport intended	Descrit Descrit Position cor	e where on the	location:	
Aircraft ID I3. MOR type - airpor surface: Vehicle on mow - Aircraft within II - Aircraft within II - Aircraft on fina I3b. Vehicle informat Vehicle type: Airport Operator FAA A/A Tug Tug Tu Other (summary) I4. MOR type - airpor surface: Pedestrian on n	Aircraft type/suffix t environment MORs ement area/runway sa one-mile of landing th LS protected area other al approach - ID tion: C not for flight Ig with aircraft t environment MORs	A/C s involving ve afety area othe irreshold? O er than expect T cle ID s involving pe y safety area o	hicles on the ai r than expected/ Yes O No ed/intended Type/Suffix Facility commu with vehicle	A/C irport intended nicating	Descrit Descrit Position cor	e where on the mmunicating	location:	Frequ

Air Traffic	Mandator	Occurrence	Report
/	manaator		

		FILOUDEVIA	ion Information		
Brasher Warning Given?	O Yes O	No			
Brasher given by:	Position:		Fi	requency:	
Pilot Information Available?* Pilot Name:	O Yes O Phone #:	No Address:			Cert #:
Phot Name.	FIIONC #.	Address.			Cert#.
Reason for no pilot/Brasher s	tatement inform	nation being given	*		
		intern being given			
		R / I			
				_	
			nio MODo		
MOD tune . Oceanie Environm	ant	Ucea	nic MORs		
MOR type - Oceanic Environm	nent	Ocea	nic MORs		
Type of Oceanic MOR:		Ocea	nic MORs		
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation	on				
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude	on e, routing or repo			led	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation	on e, routing or repo			ied	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude	on e, routing or repo			led	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication	on e, routing or repo	orting point other the		ed	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication:	on e, routing or repo ations	orting point other the	an expected/intend		
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication:	on e, routing or repo ations	orting point other the	IFR/VFR		
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication:	on e, routing or repo ations	orting point other the	an expected/intend		
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication:	on e, routing or repo ations	orting point other the	IFR/VFR		
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/	orting point other the	IFR/VFR OIFR OVFR	Facility	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communication Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/	orting point other the	IFR/VFR OIFR OVFR	Facility	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/	orting point other the	IFR/VFR OIFR OVFR	Facility	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position Aircraft #2 information:	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/ Frequency	orting point other the	IFR/VFR IFR/VFR IFR VFR Workstation	Facility Channel In Use	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O Operating at a time, altitude Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/	orting point other the	IFR/VFR O IFR O VFR Workstation	Facility	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position Aircraft #2 information:	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/ Frequency	orting point other the	IFR/VFR O IFR O VFR Workstation	Facility Channel In Use	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position Aircraft #2 information:	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/ Frequency	orting point other the	IFR/VFR O IFR O VFR Workstation	Facility Channel In Use	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position Aircraft #2 information: Aircraft ID	Aircraft Type/	orting point other the	IFR/VFR O IFR O VFR Workstation	Facility Channel In Use Facility	
Type of Oceanic MOR: O Suspected loss of separation O operating at a time, altitude O Not maintaining communicat Aircraft #1 information: Aircraft ID Position Aircraft #2 information:	on e, routing or repo ations Aircraft Type/ Frequency	orting point other the	IFR/VFR O IFR O VFR Workstation	Facility Channel In Use	

		Oc	eanic Deta	ails		
Cause of Deviation *						
O ATC Coordination		O Conditional	Clearance		O Emergen	су
O Enter OCA Wrong FL		O Enter OCA	Vrong FL		O No Clear	-
O Performance		O TCAS RA	-		O Waypoint	insertion Error
O wx		O Not-specifie	đ		•	
Type of Operation *						
O U.S. Air Carrier		O U.S. Military			O U.S. Gen	eral Aviation
O Foreign Air Carrier	O Foreign Milit				General Aviation	
Aircraft Equipment *			ary			Selicial Aviation
				1		
CPDLC Status *	1	Deviated from PBCS T	rack *	MNPS/NAT	FHLA Approved *	OTS/RAN *
O Operational O Not Eq	uipped	O Yes		O Yes		O OTS
Non-operational	(O No		O No		O RAN
Coordinated with *	Also wit	ATC Coordinatio	Clearan O CP O VH	nce Deliver DLC		CE
Coordinated with*	Also wit	њ ЛЛЛ	Clearan O CP O VH	nce Deliver DLC F/UHF er Agency	Via * O HF O ACARS	Œ
Enter from adjacent unit *	Adj	th Other F acent unit *	Clearan O CP O VH O Oth acilities In	nce Deliver DLC F/UHF er Agency ivolved: d at uncoor	via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIC	CE.
Enter from adjacent unit * O Yes O No	Adj	h Other F	Clearan O CP O VH O Oth acilities In	nce Deliver DLC F/UHF er Agency ivolved: id at uncoor	Via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIO	CE
Enter from adjacent unit * O Yes O No Flight Plan Route	Adj	th Other F acent unit *	Clearan O CPI O VHI O Oth acilities In Entere	nce Deliver DLC F/UHF er Agency ivolved: id at uncoor	via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIC	CE
Enter from adjacent unit * O Yes O No	Adj	th Other F acent unit *	Clearan O CPI O VHI O Oth acilities In Entere	nce Deliver DLC F/UHF er Agency ivolved: id at uncoor	via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIC	SE
Enter from adjacent unit * O Yes O No Flight Plan Route	Adj	th Other F acent unit *	Clearau O CP O VH O oth acilities In Entere O Ye	nce Deliver v DLC F/UHF er Agency avolved: ed at uncoor s O	via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIC	
Enter from adjacent unit * O Yes O No Flight Plan Route Cleared Track	Adj	th Other F acent unit * Yes O No	Clearau O CP O VH O oth acilities In Entere O Ye	nce Deliver v DLC F/UHF er Agency wolved: ed at uncoor s O	via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIC dinated FL * No	
Enter from adjacent unit * Yes No Flight Plan Route Cleared Track Route Reported Flown Contingency Procedures *	Adj	th Other F acent unit * Yes O No	Clearan O CP O VH O Oth acilities In Entere O Ye	nce Deliver v DLC F/UHF er Agency wolved: ed at uncoor s O	via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIC dinated FL * No	
Enter from adjacent unit * O Yes O No Flight Plan Route Cleared Track Route Reported Flown Contingency Procedures *	Adj	th Other F acent unit * Yes O No Duration at unc	Clearad O CPI O VHI O Oth Entere O Ye Ideared sp	nce Deliver v DLC F/UHF er Agency wolved: ed at uncoor s O	Via * O HF O ACARS O SATVOIO dinated FL * No Duration at unclea	

			1/2.0.02		ation Data:			
Cleared Deviat	ion	1000	t of track ate action by ATC	Clear	ed Deviation	200	Left/right of track	
Error Starting	Waypoint *			E	ror Ending Waypoi	nt *		
Error Starting I	Latitude/Lo	ngtitude *		E	ror Ending Latitude	e/Longtitude *		
			Se	paratio	n Details:			
Planned: Vertical(ft)	Longite	Longitudinal(mi) Longitudinal(min)		1)	Longitudinal(MN	т) I	Lateral(mi)	
Actual: Vertical(ft)					Longitudinal(MN	т) I	Lateral(mi)	
			Pilot &	Contro	ler Comments:			
Was the operat O Yes	or nouned	O No	<u> </u>	í ľ	Did the operator O Yes	20	No	
Operator Comr	nents *	01				_		
Additional even	nt details o	r remarks						
QC Comments	*							
Contributing F	actors							

		S	UMMARY		
J1. Summary - p understand wha are reporting.	rovide a brief it occurred. In	f summary for all MORs in this s include information about items t	ection that will p that require addit	provide enough i tional informatio	nformation for QA to n in the specific MOR ye
			PARATION		
Was this a loss	of separartior			0	
O Yes	O No	Applicable Separation Rule:		Separation Use	d:
LoSS Informat					
L033 mornat				_	
		RIS	K ANALYSIS		
Was this a Ris	k Analysis Ev				
O Yes O No		RAE Score:			
			T DEVIATION		
Was this a pos	sible pilot de	-			
O Yes	O No	Preliminary Number:		Phase of Flight:	
Airspace Class:		Aircraft #:	ORG Choices:		Office Number:
Type of Deviation	on:		Control	Surface:	
Dilot Summonr					
Pilot Summary:					
Pilot Summary:					
Pilot Summary:					
Pilot Summary:					
Pilot Summary:					
Pilot Summary:					
Pilot Summary:					

Appendix C: Technical Operations Services Mandatory Occurrence Report Worksheet – RESERVED