

## UNITED STATES OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT Washington, DC 20415

## **MEMORANDUM**

**TO:** Heads and Acting Heads of Departments and Agencies

**FROM:** Charles Ezell, Acting Director, U.S. Office of Personnel Management

**DATE**: January 28, 2025

**RE**: Guidance Regarding Deferred Resignation Program

Pursuant to its authority under 5 U.S.C. § 1103(a)(1) and (a)(5), the U.S. Office of Personnel Management ("*OPM*") is providing guidance to agencies regarding OPM's government-wide deferred resignation program. This program provides employees with an option to submit a deferred resignation letter with resignation effective on September 30, 2025. Deferred resignation exempts those employees who choose it from return-to-office requirements.

Employees who accept deferred resignation should promptly have their duties re-assigned or eliminated and be placed on paid administrative leave until the end of the deferred resignation period (generally, September 30, 2025, unless the employee has elected another earlier resignation date), unless the agency head determines that it is necessary for the employee to be actively engaged in transitioning job duties, in which case employees should be placed on administrative leave as soon as those duties are transitioned.

In addition, each week (no later than Friday at 5:00 PM) through September 30, 2025, agencies should email to tracking@opm.gov the following information:

- The number of employees who have offered their resignations as part of the deferred resignation program;
- The number of agency employees who are part of the deferred resignation program placed on administrative leave;
- The number of agency employees who have applied for early and normal retirement since January 27, 2025;
- The number of agency employees who have actually resigned (and whether or not such employee had previously submitted accepted Deferred Resignation) beginning January 27, 2025;
- The number of employees who have sought to rescind their resignations, and the status of each request;

- The number of applications to extend the deferred resignation deadline (beyond February 6);
- The number of applications from potential retirees to extend the deferred resignation end-date beyond September 30, 2025 (to accommodate impending retirement); and
- The roles and number of personnel excluded by your agency from the deferred resignation program.

Attached as Appendix 1 are FAQs that OPM is providing for Chief Human Capital Officers (CHCOs) regarding the deferred resignation program.

Please contact <u>tracking@opm.gov</u> if you have any questions regarding this memorandum.

cc: CHCOs, Deputy CHCOs, Human Resources Directors, and Chiefs of Staff

## Appendix 1: Deferred Resignation FAQs for CHCOs

**Q:** Why is the federal government offering deferred resignation to the federal workforce? **A:** The federal workforce is expected to undergo significant near-term changes. As a result of these changes and uncertainty, or for other reasons, some employees may wish to depart the federal government on terms that provide them with sufficient time and economic security to plan for their future.

**Q**: Who is eligible for deferred resignation?

**A**: Deferred resignation is available to all full-time federal employees except for military personnel of the armed forces the U.S. Postal Service, positions related to immigration enforcement and national security, and any other positions specifically excluded by your employing agency.

**Q:** What do we do if employees did not receive the deferred resignation email?

**A:** Either:

- 1) Send the email directly to the employee from your agency.
- 2) Direct the employee to visit the OPM website where they can review the email and all associated instructions.

**Q:** What happens if employees do not respond to the email or accept deferred resignation? **A:** Nothing. Employees have no obligation to respond to the email. Accepting deferred resignation is in employees' sole discretion and is completely voluntary.

Q: For employees who become eligible for early/normal retirement during the deferred resignation period (i.e., before September 30, 2025), will they be able to accept deferred resignation and still accept early/normal retirement during the deferred resignation period?

A: Yes. Employees will continue to accrue retirement benefits during the deferred resignation period. Should employees elect to retire (either early or normal) before their final resignation date, the retirement election will override the deferred resignation.

**Q:** Will employees who become eligible for normal (or early) retirement shortly after September 30, 2025 be permitted to accept deferred resignation without compromising their impending retirement?

**A:** Agencies should review any such requests on a case-by-case basis and may extend a waiver to accommodate reasonable requests.

**Q:** How do we handle employees who were on approved leave during some or all of the period between January 28, 2025 and February 6, 2025 and who, as a result, did not get a sufficient opportunity to evaluate and/or accept the deferred resignation letter?

**A:** Employees who missed the February 6, 2025 deadline due to approved absence for some or all of the period from January 27, 2025 to February 6, 2025 are entitled to request an extension and employing agencies may grant reasonable extensions.

**Q:** If an employee decides after February 6, 2025 that they would like to resign under the terms offered in the January 28, 2025 deferred resignation letter, will they still be allowed to?

**A:** Deferred resignation will generally <u>not</u> be available to those who resign after February 6, 2025. Certain exceptions might be made for employees who were on approved absence for some or all of the period from January 28, 2025 to February 6, 2025.

**Q:** If an employee resigns and later changes their mind, will the employee be able to rescind their resignation?

**A:** Employees have the right to request a rescission of their resignation at any time and the employing agency will need to review such recission requests. As noted in the deferred resignation letter, it is the objective of the program to move quickly to consolidate and/or reassign roles and in many cases place employees on administrative leave which would likely serve as a valid reason to deny recission requests.

**Q:** May employees accelerate their resignation date to earlier than September 30, 2025?

**A:** Yes, employees may unilaterally accelerate their final resignation date for any reason.

**Q:** Can employees extend their final resignation date?

**A:** The terms of the deferred resignation letter do not allow for an extension of the final resignation date. As noted above, there is a narrow possible exception for employees with impending retirement dates.

**Q:** Can employees get another job outside of their current employing agency during the period between submission of their resignation and the final resignation date?

**A:** Nothing in the deferred resignation letter prevents agency employees from seeking outside employment during the period from submittal of their resignation to their final resignation date. Employing agencies should assess what restrictions, if any, exist for employees who have resigned but remain employed (including on administrative leave) by their employing agency.

**Q:** Can employees return to work in the federal government?

**A:** Deferred resignation does not affect employees' ability to apply to work for the federal government in the future.

**Q:** How will employees know their resignations have been received and accepted?

**A:** Employees will receive an email confirming receipt with additional information on next steps. Given the volume of emails, this confirmation email may take up to 48 hours. Employees should retain the record of their resignation email.

**Q:** What if somebody resigns for on behalf of another employee without that employee's authorization?

**A:** Deferred resignation can only be submitted from a secure <u>government email</u>. If someone has accessed an employee's email without authorization, you should immediately follow your agency's protocol for addressing such unauthorized use.

**Q:** Is there any additional paperwork needed to resign?

**A:** An employee's acceptance of the deferred resignation letter will serve as a formal acceptance of deferred resignation. If the employing agency requests additional documentation, the

deferred resignation letter obligates employees to cooperate with their employing agency to complete all reasonable and customary documentation.